Max. Marks: 100

Time : 3 hours

You may use theorems/propositions proved in the class after correctly stating them. Any other claim must be accompanied by a proof.

(1) When do you say a continuous map p: E → B between spaces is a covering map? Decide whether the following maps are covering maps.
 (a) p: (0 ∞) → S¹ p(t) = e^{2πit}

(a)
$$p: (0, \infty) \longrightarrow S$$
, $p(t) = e^{-t}$,
(b) $p: \mathbb{C} \longrightarrow \mathbb{C}$, $p(\cos t, \sin t) = (3\cos t + 2\sin t, \cos t + \sin t)$. [2+4+4]

- (2) State the definition of a covering space. Let X, Y be connected, locally path connected and semi-locally simply connected spaces and let $p: \widetilde{X} \longrightarrow X, q: \widetilde{Y} \longrightarrow Y$ be the universal covers.
 - (a) Show that for any continuous map $f : X \longrightarrow Y$, there exists a continuous map $\tilde{f} : \widetilde{X} \longrightarrow \widetilde{Y}$ such that $q \circ \tilde{f} = f \circ p$.
 - (b) Is such a map \tilde{f} unique?
 - (c) Assume that f in injective. Show that \tilde{f} is injective if and only if $f_* : \pi_1(X, x) \longrightarrow \pi_1(Y, f(x))$ is injective for some x. [2+4+4+4]
- (3) Sketch all 2-sheeted coverings of $S^1 \vee S^1$ up to covering space isomorphism (without base points). Give complete justifications. [10]
- (4) Define the term *deformation retract*. Show that S^n is a deformation retract of $\mathbb{R}^{n+1} 0$. [2+8]
- (5) Compute the homology groups $H_i(S^n; \mathbb{Z}), i \ge 0, n \ge 0.$ [10]
- (6) State the definition of a CW-complex.
 - (a) Prove that a CW-complex is compact if and only if it is finite.
 - (b) Show that $\mathbb{R}P^n$ is a *CW*-complex with one *i*-cell for each *i*, $0 \le i \le n$. [26+8]
- (7) When do you say that a pair of topological spaces (X, A) is a good pair?
 - (a) Show that $(\mathbb{R}P^n, \mathbb{R}P^{n-1})$ is a good pair.
 - (b) Prove that if (X, A) is a good pair, then the quotient map $p: X \longrightarrow X/A$ induces an isomorphism

$$p_*: H_i(X, A; \mathbb{Z}) \longrightarrow H_i(X/A; \mathbb{Z})$$

for all $i \ge 0$.

- (c) Show that the quotient map $p: \mathbb{R}P^3 \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}P^3/\mathbb{R}P^2$ is not null homotopic. [2+4+6+6]
- (8) Define the degree of a map $f: S^n \longrightarrow S^n$. Show that the degree is independent of the choices made in the definition.
 - (a) Let $f: S^2 \longrightarrow S^2$ be a map that has no fixed points. Show that degree of f is -1.
 - (b) Let $f: S^n \longrightarrow S^n$ be a map that satisfies f(x) = f(-x) for all x. Show that f has even degree. [2+4+6]